organic compounds

Z = 4

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.12 \times 0.11 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

 $\mu = 0.21 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 290 K

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(1*E*)-6-Methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one *O*-(*p*-tolylsulfonyl)oxime

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 290 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

In the title compound, $C_{18}H_{19}NO_4S$, the two benzene rings form a dihedral angle of 68.37 (11)°. One of the C atoms of the fused ring bonded to the N atom displays positional disorder with site-occupation factors of 0.763 (7) and 0.237 (7) and the ring has an envelope conformation with the disordered C atoms located on opposite sides of the plane formed by the other atoms. In the crystal, intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules to form a two-dimensional supramolecular network. The crystal structure is further stablized by weak intermolecular $C-H\cdots \pi$ interactions.

Related literature

The title compound has been used in our study (Byoung *et al.* 2000) of the effect of the reaction conditions on the Beckmanm rearrangement of 6-methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one oxime (Xiao *et al.*, 2007). For details of the synthesis, see Byoung *et al.* (2000). For a related structure, see Jin *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data C₁₈H₁₉NO₄S

 $M_r = 345.41$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	
a = 13.478 (5) Å	
b = 9.255 (5) Å	
c = 17.707 (8) Å	
$\beta = 128.22 \ (3)^{\circ}$	
$V = 1735.3 (16) Å^3$	

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID	16447 measured reflections
diffractometer	3939 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	3052 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.029$
$T_{\min} = 0.976, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	230 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
3939 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C12–C17 ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D{\cdots}A$	D-H	$\cdots A$
$C6-H6\cdots O1^{i}$	0.93	2.57	3.293 (3)	135	
$C10-H10B\cdots O2^{ii}$	0.97	2.48	3.237 (5)	135	
C15−H15···O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.68	3.430 (3)	139	
$C9-H9B\cdots Cg1^{iv}$	0.97	2.85	3.750 (3)	156	
Symmetry codes: (i)	-r + 3 - v	+2 -7 + 2	(ii) $-r + 2 v + \frac{1}{2}$	$-7 \pm \frac{3}{2}$	(iii)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 3, -y + 2, -z + 2; (ii) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iv) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 2.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2048).

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(1E)-6-Methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one O-(p-tolylsulfonyl)oxime

R.-B. Han, B. Zhang and F.-Y. Piao

Comment

Generally, 1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-7-methoxy-2*H*-1- benzazepin-2-one is obtained as major product from the Beckmanm rearrangement (BR) of 6-methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one oxime (Xiao *et al.*, 2007). Recently, we have found that the product distribution of this BR greatly varied with reaction time and termperature (Byoung *et al.* 2000). We report here the crystal structure of the title comound, which was used in our attempts to study the effect of the reaction conditions on the ratio of the two isomers of product.

In the title compound, as shown in Fig. 1, all bond lengths and angles are normal and comparable with those reported for the related structure (Jin *et al.*, 2010). The disordered C10 and C10' atoms with site occupation factors of 0.76 and 0.24, respectively, lie at different sides of the plane defined by C8, C9, C11, C12 and C13. In the crystal, weak C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into a two-dimensional network. In additon, a C—H··· π interaction between H9B and a neigboring benzene ring ocurs (H9B···*Cg*1ⁱ = 2.846 (5) Å, *Cg*1 is the centroid of ring C12-C17, symmetry code i : 2 - *x*, 2 - *y*, 2 - *z*). The crystal structure is further stablized by Van der Waals' forces.

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to literature (Byoung *et al.* 2000) and single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from a solution of ethyl acetate by slow evaporation at room temperature.

Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with distances C—H = 0.93, 0.96 and 0.97 Å for aryl, methyl and methylene H-atoms and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5$ (methyl) and 1.2 (the rest) $U_{eq}(C)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with the atom numbering. Displacement ellipsoids of non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probalility level.

(1E)-6-Methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2H)-one O-(p-tolylsulfonyl)oxime

Crystal data C₁₈H₁₉NO₄S

F(000) = 728

$M_r = 345.41$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
<i>a</i> = 13.478 (5) Å
<i>b</i> = 9.255 (5) Å
c = 17.707 (8) Å
$\beta = 128.22 \ (3)^{\circ}$
$V = 1735.3 (16) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer	3939 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3052 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.029$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$h = -17 \rightarrow 17$
$T_{\min} = 0.976, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
16447 measured reflections	$l = -22 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0686P)^2 + 0.4858P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.01	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
3939 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
230 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc [*] =kFc[1+0.001xFc ² λ^3 /sin(2 θ)] ^{-1/4}
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	Extinction coefficient: 0.069 (4)

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.322 \ {\rm Mg \ m}^{-3}$

 $\theta = 3.1 - 27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.21 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 290 KBlock, colorless $0.12\times0.11\times0.10~mm$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 11474 reflections

methods

Special details

Experimental. (See detailed section in the paper)

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Z	$U_{\rm iso}^*/U_{\rm eq}$	Occ. (<1)
S1	1.21154 (4)	1.01704 (6)	0.84699 (3)	0.05339 (18)	
01	1.32298 (13)	1.09992 (16)	0.88664 (11)	0.0688 (4)	
02	1.11691 (15)	1.01052 (18)	0.74596 (10)	0.0720 (4)	
03	1.15381 (12)	1.09228 (14)	0.89346 (9)	0.0557 (3)	
O4	0.53547 (14)	0.81979 (17)	0.77887 (12)	0.0738 (4)	
N1	1.03738 (14)	1.01680 (16)	0.85957 (11)	0.0510 (4)	
C1	1.3561 (3)	0.4210 (3)	1.0232 (2)	0.0928 (8)	
H1A	1.3260	0.3480	0.9750	0.139*	
H1B	1.3191	0.4067	1.0547	0.139*	
H1C	1.4464	0.4148	1.0696	0.139*	
C2	1.31973 (19)	0.5680 (2)	0.97663 (15)	0.0600 (5)	
C3	1.19864 (19)	0.5964 (2)	0.89321 (15)	0.0624 (5)	
Н3	1.1395	0.5222	0.8642	0.075*	
C4	1.16441 (17)	0.7318 (2)	0.85263 (13)	0.0562 (5)	
H4	1.0827	0.7489	0.7971	0.067*	
C5	1.25256 (15)	0.8425 (2)	0.89508 (12)	0.0475 (4)	
C6	1.37496 (16)	0.8166 (2)	0.97757 (13)	0.0534 (4)	
Н6	1.4345	0.8905	1.0058	0.064*	
C7	1.40688 (18)	0.6800(2)	1.01695 (14)	0.0613 (5)	
H7	1.4889	0.6625	1.0719	0.074*	
C8	0.97831 (16)	1.08889 (18)	0.88218 (11)	0.0450 (4)	
C9	1.0207 (2)	1.2307 (2)	0.93435 (15)	0.0603 (5)	
H9A	1.0587	1.2886	0.9126	0.072*	
H9B	1.0842	1.2136	1.0027	0.072*	
C10	0.9081 (4)	1.3146 (3)	0.9165 (3)	0.0698 (12)	0.763 (7)
H10A	0.9403	1.3983	0.9584	0.084*	0.763 (7)
H10B	0.8536	1.3488	0.8506	0.084*	0.763 (7)
C11	0.8345 (3)	1.2276 (3)	0.9335 (2)	0.0809 (7)	
H11A	0.7615	1.2826	0.9155	0.097*	
H11B	0.8851	1.2063	1.0017	0.097*	
C12	0.79064 (18)	1.08776 (19)	0.87810 (13)	0.0529 (4)	
C10'	0.9604 (8)	1.2634 (9)	0.9825 (7)	0.053 (3)	0.237 (7)
H10C	1.0092	1.2141	1.0441	0.064*	0.237 (7)
H10D	0.9688	1.3662	0.9958	0.064*	0.237 (7)
C13	0.86031 (17)	1.02224 (18)	0.85398 (12)	0.0454 (4)	
C14	0.81694 (19)	0.8901 (2)	0.80425 (15)	0.0574 (5)	
H14	0.8619	0.8455	0.7868	0.069*	
C15	0.70982 (19)	0.8259 (2)	0.78110 (14)	0.0593 (5)	
H15	0.6834	0.7377	0.7491	0.071*	
C16	0.64081 (18)	0.8922 (2)	0.80522 (14)	0.0549 (5)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

C17	0.6813 (2)	1.0222 (2)	0.85367 (16)	0.0616 (5)
H17	0.6352	1.0664	0.8702	0.074*
C18	0.4673 (3)	0.8776 (3)	0.8090 (2)	0.0938 (8)
H18A	0.4301	0.9682	0.7773	0.141*
H18B	0.5238	0.8923	0.8773	0.141*
H18C	0.4020	0.8112	0.7928	0.141*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U ²²	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0438 (3)	0.0658 (3)	0.0536 (3)	-0.0040 (2)	0.0316 (2)	0.0018 (2)
01	0.0533 (8)	0.0715 (9)	0.0878 (10)	-0.0104 (7)	0.0468 (8)	0.0057 (7)
O2	0.0609 (9)	0.0995 (12)	0.0511 (8)	0.0048 (8)	0.0324 (7)	0.0083 (7)
O3	0.0463 (7)	0.0579 (8)	0.0656 (8)	-0.0083 (6)	0.0360 (6)	-0.0078 (6)
O4	0.0601 (9)	0.0825 (10)	0.0925 (11)	-0.0191 (8)	0.0540 (8)	-0.0229 (8)
N1	0.0445 (8)	0.0534 (8)	0.0581 (9)	-0.0071 (6)	0.0333 (7)	-0.0044 (7)
C1	0.0898 (18)	0.0653 (15)	0.120 (2)	0.0104 (13)	0.0630 (17)	0.0081 (14)
C2	0.0582 (11)	0.0550 (11)	0.0729 (12)	-0.0001 (9)	0.0437 (10)	-0.0079 (9)
C3	0.0536 (11)	0.0591 (12)	0.0713 (12)	-0.0154 (9)	0.0371 (10)	-0.0208 (9)
C4	0.0404 (9)	0.0651 (12)	0.0523 (10)	-0.0100 (8)	0.0234 (8)	-0.0147 (8)
C5	0.0384 (8)	0.0581 (10)	0.0473 (9)	-0.0061 (7)	0.0271 (7)	-0.0084 (7)
C6	0.0372 (9)	0.0621 (11)	0.0547 (10)	-0.0100 (8)	0.0253 (8)	-0.0095 (8)
C7	0.0413 (10)	0.0717 (13)	0.0605 (11)	0.0022 (9)	0.0263 (9)	-0.0019 (9)
C8	0.0485 (9)	0.0461 (9)	0.0425 (8)	0.0004 (7)	0.0292 (7)	0.0029 (7)
C9	0.0692 (12)	0.0513 (10)	0.0713 (12)	-0.0148 (9)	0.0490 (11)	-0.0123 (9)
C10	0.093 (2)	0.0427 (15)	0.097 (3)	-0.0078 (15)	0.070 (2)	-0.0106 (16)
C11	0.0880 (17)	0.0619 (13)	0.1167 (19)	-0.0127 (12)	0.0753 (16)	-0.0318 (13)
C12	0.0575 (11)	0.0479 (10)	0.0607 (10)	-0.0007 (8)	0.0404 (9)	-0.0056 (8)
C10'	0.059 (5)	0.041 (4)	0.055 (5)	-0.001 (3)	0.033 (4)	-0.005 (4)
C13	0.0498 (9)	0.0462 (9)	0.0452 (8)	-0.0020 (7)	0.0318 (8)	-0.0022 (7)
C14	0.0605 (11)	0.0594 (11)	0.0698 (12)	-0.0097 (9)	0.0490 (10)	-0.0185 (9)
C15	0.0619 (12)	0.0582 (11)	0.0661 (11)	-0.0140 (9)	0.0438 (10)	-0.0210 (9)
C16	0.0505 (10)	0.0610 (11)	0.0583 (10)	-0.0078 (8)	0.0362 (9)	-0.0062 (8)
C17	0.0608 (12)	0.0628 (12)	0.0780 (13)	-0.0003 (9)	0.0513 (11)	-0.0110 (10)
C18	0.0728 (16)	0.0988 (19)	0.140 (2)	-0.0144 (14)	0.0808 (18)	-0.0213 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—O2	1.4169 (17)	C9—C10	1.553 (4)
S1—O1	1.4257 (15)	С9—Н9А	0.9700
S1—O3	1.5997 (14)	С9—Н9В	0.9700
S1—C5	1.748 (2)	C10-C11	1.446 (4)
O3—N1	1.465 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9700
O4—C16	1.365 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
O4—C18	1.422 (3)	C10—H10D	1.2028
N1—C8	1.278 (2)	C11—C12	1.507 (3)
C1—C2	1.507 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C1—H1A	0.9600	C11—H11B	0.9700
C1—H1B	0.9600	C12—C13	1.388 (2)

C1—H1C	0.9600	C12—C17	1.393 (3)
C2—C7	1.388 (3)	C10'—H10C	0.9700
С2—С3	1.390 (3)	C10'—H10D	0.9700
С3—С4	1.374 (3)	C13—C14	1.406 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9300	C14—C15	1.368 (3)
C4—C5	1.387 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—C16	1.384 (3)
C5—C6	1.390 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C6—C7	1.378 (3)	C16—C17	1.379 (3)
С6—Н6	0.9300	С17—Н17	0.9300
С7—Н7	0.9300	C18—H18A	0.9600
C8—C13	1.475 (2)	C18—H18B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.499 (3)	C18—H18C	0.9600
02 - 81 - 01	119 72 (10)	C11—C10—C9	1129(3)
02 - 81 - 03	108 89 (9)	C_{11} C_{10} H_{10A}	109.0
01 - 51 - 03	108.89(9) 102.24(9)	C_{P} C_{10} H_{10A}	109.0
02 - 81 - 05	102.24(9) 110.00(9)	C_{11} C_{10} H_{10B}	109.0
02 - 31 - 05	110.00(9) 100.74(0)	C_{10} C_{10} H_{10} H_{10}	109.0
01 - 31 - 05	109.74(9) 105.04(8)		109.0
N1 02 S1	103.04(8)		107.8
NI = 03 = SI	108.09 (10)		92.1
$C_{10} - 04 - C_{18}$	117.00 (18)		93.1 20.6
$C_{0} = N_{1} = 0.5$	109.80 (14)	H10A - C10 - H10D	29.0
$C_2 = C_1 = H_1 R$	109.5		157.4
	109.5	C10 - C11 - C12	112.7 (2)
HIA—CI—HIB	109.5	CIQ—CII—HIIA	109.1
	109.5	CI2—CII—HIIA	109.1
HIA—CI—HIC	109.5		109.1
HIB—CI—HIC	109.5		109.1
$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{3}$	117.94 (19)		107.8
$C/=C_2$	120.5 (2)		120.08 (17)
$C_3 = C_2 = C_1$	121.5 (2)		120.54 (18)
C4 - C3 - C2	121.47 (18)		119.35 (18)
C4—C3—H3	119.3	HIOC—CIO—HIOD	107.1
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	C12-C13-C14	118.31 (17)
$C_3 = C_4 = C_5$	119.52 (18)	C12—C13—C8	120.39 (16)
C3—C4—H4	120.2	C14—C13—C8	121.28 (16)
С5—С4—Н4	120.2	C15—C14—C13	121.21 (17)
C4—C5—C6	120.27 (18)	C15—C14—H14	119.4
C4—C5—S1	120.82 (14)	C13—C14—H14	119.4
C6—C5—S1	118.91 (14)	C14—C15—C16	120.07 (18)
C7—C6—C5	119.09 (17)	C14—C15—H15	120.0
С7—С6—Н6	120.5	C16—C15—H15	120.0
С5—С6—Н6	120.5	O4—C16—C17	124.63 (18)
C6—C7—C2	121.69 (18)	04—C16—C15	115.63 (17)
С6—С7—Н7	119.2	C17—C16—C15	119.73 (18)
С2—С7—Н7	119.2	C16—C17—C12	120.59 (18)
N1—C8—C13	115.19 (16)	С16—С17—Н17	119.7
N1—C8—C9	125.19 (17)	С12—С17—Н17	119.7
C13—C8—C9	119.62 (15)	O4—C18—H18A	109.5

C8—C9—C10	111.14 (19)	O4C18H18B	109.5
С8—С9—Н9А	109.4	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
С10—С9—Н9А	109.4	O4—C18—H18C	109.5
С8—С9—Н9В	109.4	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
С10—С9—Н9В	109.4	H18B-C18-H18C	109.5
H9A—C9—H9B	108.0		
O2—S1—O3—N1	52.91 (14)	C8—C9—C10—C11	50.4 (4)
O1—S1—O3—N1	-179.47 (11)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-53.4 (4)
C5—S1—O3—N1	-64.88 (12)	C10-C11-C12-C13	28.5 (4)
S1—O3—N1—C8	-169.09 (12)	C10-C11-C12-C17	-153.5 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.6 (3)	C17—C12—C13—C14	0.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	177.8 (2)	C11-C12-C13-C14	178.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (3)	C17—C12—C13—C8	-178.15 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5—S1	-178.62 (15)	N1-C8-C13-C12	177.43 (16)
O2—S1—C5—C4	-31.08 (18)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-2.0 (3)
O1—S1—C5—C4	-164.80 (15)	N1-C8-C13-C14	-1.1 (3)
O3—S1—C5—C4	85.95 (16)	C9—C8—C13—C14	179.43 (18)
O2—S1—C5—C6	149.71 (15)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-0.9 (3)
O1—S1—C5—C6	16.00 (17)	C8-C13-C14-C15	177.70 (18)
O3—S1—C5—C6	-93.26 (16)	C13-C14-C15-C16	1.1 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.7 (3)	C18—O4—C16—C17	-4.3 (3)
S1—C5—C6—C7	178.53 (15)	C18—O4—C16—C15	174.9 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.4 (3)	C14—C15—C16—O4	179.88 (18)
C3—C2—C7—C6	1.5 (3)	C14-C15-C16-C17	-0.8 (3)
C1—C2—C7—C6	-177.9 (2)	O4—C16—C17—C12	179.6 (2)
O3—N1—C8—C13	-178.59 (13)	C15—C16—C17—C12	0.4 (3)
O3—N1—C8—C9	0.8 (2)	C13-C12-C17-C16	-0.2 (3)
N1—C8—C9—C10	158.5 (2)	C11—C12—C17—C16	-178.3 (2)
C13—C8—C9—C10	-22.2 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>Cg</i> 1 is the centroid of the C12–C17 ring.				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
C6—H6···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.293 (3)	135
C10—H10B···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.48	3.237 (5)	135
C15—H15…O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.68	3.430 (3)	139
C9—H9B…Cg1 ^{iv}	0.97	2.85	3.750 (3)	156

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+3, -y+2, -z+2; (ii) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+3/2; (iii) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2; (iv) -x+2, -y+2, -z+2.



Fig. 1